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**Original article:**

**Study of outcome of   labour and mode of delivery in a post caesarean pregnancy in urban population**

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**Abstract:**

**Introduction :** In today’s situation when concern over the rising caesarean section rates all over the world, despite the Healthy People 2010 National goal to reduce the caesarean delivery rates to 15 percent of births. With this background present work was planned to Study of outcome of   labour and mode of delivery in a  post caesarean pregnancy in urban population.

**Methodology:** The main source of data for this study were patients who were handled in PHC’s, CHC’s, private nursing homes, untrained dais and referred to us for further management.

**Results:** Above table shows that out of 80 cases that underwent emergency repeat LSCS 79 underwent repeat emergency LSCS with transverse incision and in one case scar rupture was seen & repair was done. No case of caesarean hysterectomy was there in the present study.

**Conclusion:**  There is no doubt that a trial of labour for VBAC is relatively a safe procedure but still it continues to be a challenging issue as its management is not totally risk free.

**Keywords :** Labour , caesarean section